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State	Who can Petition?	How Long Order Lasts	Standard of proof to obtain order	Relinquish- ment process	Can the court issue a seizure warrant with an order?	Early Termination of order	Renewal
California <sup>1</sup>	Immediate family members, employers, coworkers (depending on facts), teachers and school employees (depending on facts), individuals in a dating relationship, roommates, and individuals with a child in common  Only LE can petition for temporary orders, which can be granted at any time of the day or night.	Temporary: Up to 21 days Ex Parte: Up to 21 days Final: Between one and five years	In all cases petitioner must show the order is necessary to prevent injury under the circumstances, as well as the following:  Temporary: Reasonable cause to believe respondent poses an immediate and present danger, Ex Parte: Substantial likelihood that respondent poses significant danger in near future, Final: Clear & convincing evidence that:respondent poses significant	Either: 1) surrender immediately upon request of a LE officer, or 2) sell/transfer to an LE agency or FFL dealer within 24 hours  Respondent has 48 hours to file a receipt in court documenting surrender	No	Respondent may petition once per year during order's duration  Court shall terminate the order if there is no longer clear and convincing evidence to believe respondent satisfies the final order standard	Can be renewed at any time within the three months before the order expires  Same standard and duration as final order

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cal. Penal Code § 18100 et seq.





			danger				
Colorado <sup>2</sup>	Family, household members, and LE	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final: Up to one year	Ex Parte: Preponderance of the evidence respondent poses a significant risk of causing injury  Final: Clear and convincing evidence respondent poses a significant risk of causing injury	Respondent must surrender all firearms and any CCW license to LE agency or sell/transfer firearms to a federally licensed firearms dealer  Respondent has 48 hours to file a receipt in court documenting surrender	Shall issue if probable cause to believe not all weapons were surrendered after service of the order	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination  Respondent bear burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence they no longer pose a significant risk of causing injury	Can be renewed at any time within the sixty-three calendar days before order expires  Same standard and duration as final order
Connecticut <sup>3</sup>	State's attorney, assistant state's attorney, or by any two police officers, can petition court for an ERPO  Family, household member, or medical professional can petition court for an order to investigate whether law enforcement	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final Order: Lasts until terminated by petition	Ex Parte: Probable cause to believe respondent poses a risk of imminent injury  Final: Clear & convincing evidence respondent poses a risk of imminent injury	If probable cause to believe that respondent possesses firearms, judge shall issue search and seizure warrant  If firearms are ordered seized but not taken by LE, respondent may relinquish to FFL	Yes	Respondent may first petition at least 180 days after the final order hearing or again after any denied petition for termination  State must prove by clear & convincing evidence that petitioner continues to pose a risk of imminent injury, or order	Does not require renewal; lasts until terminated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Colo. Rev. Stat. § 13-14.5-101 et seq. <sup>3</sup> Conn. Gen. Stat. § 29-38c.





	should seek an order					terminates	
Delaware⁴	Family, household members and LE  Only LE can petition for ex parte orders.	Ex Parte: Usually 15 days, up to 45 days Final: One year	Ex Parte: Preponderance of the evidence respondent poses an immediate and present danger  Final: Clear & convincing evidence respondent poses a significant danger	Respondent must relinquish firearms to LE or another individual eligible to possess firearms	The court may direct LE to search for and seize firearms with service of order	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination  Respondent bears burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence they no longer pose a danger	Can be renewed at any time within the three months before the order expires  Same standard and duration as final order
District of Columbia⁵	Family, household members, mental health professionals and LE	Ex Parte: Not to exceed 14 days, but can renew for an additional 14 days upon a good cause showing  Final: One year	Ex Parte: Probable cause to believe respondent poses significant danger  Final: Preponderance of the evidence respondent poses significant danger	Respondent must relinquish all firearms, ammunition, registration certificates, licenses to carry, and dealer licenses to LE	The court may issue a concurrent warrant directing LE to search for and seize ammunition, firearms, and licenses	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination  Respondent bears burden of proving by preponderance of evidence they no longer pose a significant danger	Can be renewed at any time within the 120 days before order expires  Same standard and duration as final order

Del. Code Ann. tit. 10, § 7701 et seq.
 D.C. Code Ann. § 7-2510.01 et seq.





Florida <sup>6</sup>	LE only	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final: Up to one year	Ex Parte: Reasonable cause to believe respondent poses significant danger in near future  Final: Clear and convincing evidence respondent poses significant danger	Immediate surrender of firearms and CCW license to local LE	Issued if probable cause to believe not all weapons were surrendered after service of the order	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination  Respondent bears burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence they no longer pose a significant danger	Can be renewed at any time within the 30 days before the order expires  Same standard and duration as final order
Hawai'i <sup>7</sup>	Family, household member, medical professional, educator, colleague, or LE	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final: Up to one year	Ex Parte: Probable cause to believe respondent poses an imminent danger  Final: Preponderance of evidence respondent poses a significant danger	Court shall order voluntary surrender of all firearms and ammunition for ex parte and final orders  LE has 72 hours following surrender to file a receipt with the court	Court shall issue if probable cause to believe not all weapons were surrendered after service of the order	Respondent may petition at any time during the order's duration  Respondent bears burden of proving by preponderance of evidence they no longer pose a significant danger	Can be renewed at any time within the three months before the order expires  Same standard and duration as a final order
Illinois <sup>8</sup>	Family, household members and LE	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final:	Ex Parte: Probable cause to believe respondent	Respondent must surrender FOID (Firearms ID card) and	A concurrent warrant is issued if probable cause to believe	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early	Can be renewed at any time within the three months before the order

Fla. Stat. § 790.401, et seq.
 Haw. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 134-61 et seq.
 430 III. Comp. Stat. Ann. § 67/1, et seq.





		Between 6 months and 1 year	poses immediate and present danger  Final: Clear and convincing evidence respondent poses significant danger	firearms to LE	respondent owns firearms	termination  Respondent bears burden of proving by preponderance of the evidence that they no longer pose a significant danger	expires  Same standard and duration as final order
Indiana <sup>9</sup> Note: Indiana allows LE to search, seize, and retain firearms of dangerous individuals without an order process subject to court review	LE only	Hearing on whether firearm should be returned must be scheduled within 14 days of filing search warrant or warrantless affidavit  Firearms are retained until terminated by hearing or later petition	LE may seize firearms with or without a warrant from "dangerous individual" if there is probable cause that person is dangerous and possesses firearms  Following seizure, state must prove by clear and convincing evidence that respondent is dangerous	If firearms properly retained, respondent may still request transfer or sale to a federally licensed dealer or other authorized person	LE may seize firearms with or without a warrant	Respondent may petition for return of their firearm at any time 180 days after the court orders LE to retain  If petition is within one year of order, respondent must prove by preponderance of the evidence they are no longer dangerous  If petition is after one year, the state must prove by clear & convincing evidence the individual is still dangerous	Does not require renewal; lasts until terminated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Ind. Code Ann. § 35-47-14 et seq.





						If denied, respondent may not file a renewed petition until at least another 180 days from the date of denial	
Maryland <sup>10</sup>	Family, household members (including cohabitants, dating, and intimate partners), LE, certain health care workers, legal guardians, and individuals who share a child with the respondent	Ex Parte: Up to two business days (The first or second day a district court judge is sitting.) Temporary: 7 days, but can be extended up to 6 months  Final: Up to one year	Ex Parte: Reasonable grounds to believe respondent poses immediate and present danger Temporary: Reasonable grounds to believe respondent poses immediate and present danger  Final: Clear & convincing evidence respondent poses danger of causing injury	Must surrender to LE (no specified timeline)  LE may seek a search warrant	Issued if there is probable cause that not all weapons were surrendered after service of the order.	An order can be terminated after notice and a hearing	Final order can be extended for 6 months at any time after notice and hearing based on showing of good cause
Massachusetts <sup>11</sup>	Family,	Ex Parte:	Ex Parte:	Immediate	No	The order can be	Final order can

<sup>Md. Code Ann., Pub. Safety § 5-601 et seq.
Mass. Gen. Laws, ch. 140 § 131R(b)</sup> 





	household members, dating partners, local licensing authority, law enforcement officers, health care providers, school administrators	Up to 10 days (Hearing is held within 2 days if petition indicates that respondent is required to carry a firearm for work)  Final: Up to one year	Reasonable cause to believe respondent poses risk of bodily injury  Final: Preponderance of the evidence that respondent poses risk of bodily injury	surrender of all firearms and firearms license or ID to local licensing authority		terminated at any time after a hearing	be renewed not less than 30 days before expiration of initial order Same standard and duration as final order
Michigan <sup>12</sup>	Family, household members, health care providers (subject to limitations), and LEOs.	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days from service or actual notice  Final: One year	Ex Parte: Clear and convincing evidence that immediate and irreparable harm will result from delay required to seek notice  Final: Preponderance of evidence that (1) respondent can reasonably be expected within the near future to seriously physically injure themself or another, and (2) respondent has engaged in an act(s) or made	The court shall determine whether to order the immediate surrender of the respondent's firearms or surrender within 24 hours, with a presumption of 24 hours unless the petitioner is a LE or health care provider	If court orders immediate surrender, it shall also authorize LEOs to search for and seize firearms where respondent refuses to comply with the order	Respondent may petition once during the first six months and once during the second six months that the order is in effect  Preponderance of the evidence that they no longer poses a risk of serious physical injury to their self or others	Either the petitioner or court may seek one or more renewals following the expiration of the final order  Same standard and duration as final order

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Mich. Comp. Laws § 691.1801 et seq.





Minnesota <sup>13</sup>	Family, household members, including significant dating partners, chief LE's, city or county attorneys, guardians	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final: Not less than six months or more than one year	significant threats that support that expectation  Ex Parte: Probable cause that (1) the respondent poses a significant danger of bodily harm to others or is at significant risk of suicide, and (2) the respondent presents an immediate and present danger of either bodily harm to others or of taking their life  Final: Clear and convincing evidence that the respondent poses a significant danger to others or is at significant risk of suicide	The court shall direct the respondent to transfer all firearms to a FFL dealer or LE agency within 24 hours	Shall be issued if probable cause to believe the respondent possesses firearms (1) when the ex parte order issued or (2) and there is clear and convincing evidence the respondent presents an immediate and present danger of bodily harm  The respondent shall be given the choice to voluntarily comply before the LE may execute the warrant	Respondent may petition for early termination by providing clear and convincing evidence that they no longer pose a significant danger to other persons or pose a significant risk of suicide  Application for termination may be made one time for every six months an order is in effect	Not less than 3 months before the order's expiration and upon petition by any person originally eligible to petition for an order  Same standard and duration as final order
Nevada <sup>14</sup>	Family, household	Ex Parte: Up to 7 days	Ex Parte: Preponderance	Immediate surrender to LE	Issued if probable cause	The original petitioner may	Not less than 3 months before

Minn. Stat. § 624.7171 et seq.
 Nev. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 33.500 et seq.





	members, and LE	Final: Up to one year	of the evidence respondent poses an imminent risk of causing injury  Final: Clear and convincing evidence respondent poses an imminent risk of causing injury, has engaged in high risk behavior, and less restrictive measures have failed	upon service of order	to believe not all weapons were surrendered after service of the order	seek early termination at any time and bears the burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that the adverse party no longer poses a risk	the order's expiration and upon petition by a family or household member or LE  Same standard and duration as final order
New Jersey <sup>15</sup>	Family, household members, and LE	Ex Parte: Up to 10 days  Final: Lasts until terminated by petition	Ex Parte: Good cause to believe respondent poses immediate and present danger  Final: Preponderance of the evidence that respondent poses significant danger	Immediate surrender of firearms to LE upon service of order  48 hours to file a receipt in court documenting surrender	Issued if petition states respondent owns guns	An order can be terminated at any time after notice and a hearing  Respondent bears burden of proving by preponderance of the evidence that they no longer pose a significant danger	Does not require renewal; lasts until terminated

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> N.J. Stat. Ann. § 2C:58-20, et seq.





New Mexico <sup>16</sup>	LE only	Ex Parte: Up to 10 days Final: Up to one year	Ex Parte: Probable cause to believe the respondent poses a significant danger of causing imminent injury  Final: Preponderance of the evidence the respondent poses a significant danger of causing imminent injury	Surrender immediately upon service of the order or as directed by the court to LE or a FFL  LE has 72 hours following surrender to file a receipt with the court	No	An order can be terminated at any time after notice and a hearing	Not less than one month prior to the expiration of the order  Same standard and duration as final order
New York <sup>17</sup>	Family, household members, school administrators, health care and social workers (depending on facts), district attorneys, and LE officers or agencies	Ex Parte: Up to six business days Final: Up to one year	Ex Parte: Probable cause to believe respondent is likely to cause serious harm  Final: Clear and convincing evidence that respondent is likely to cause serious harm	Immediate surrender of firearms to LE upon service of order	Court may direct LE to search for firearms	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination or any other change to the order  Respondent bears burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence any change of circumstances that justify a	Can be renewed at any time within the 60 days before the order expires  Same standard and duration as final order

 $<sup>^{16}</sup>$  N.M. Stat. Ann.  $\S$  40-17-1 et seq.  $^{17}$  N.Y. Civil Practice Law & Rules Law  $\S$  6340 et seq.





						change to the order	
Oregon <sup>18</sup>	Family, household members, and LE	Ex Parte: Respondent must request a hearing within 30 days of order service; hearing shall occur within 21 days of request  Final: Up to one Year	Ex Parte: Clear and convincing evidence that respondent presents risk in the near future  Final: Automatic if respondent does not request hearing after ex parte; same standard as ex parte	Surrender to LE, gun dealer, or third party legally allowed to possess firearms	No	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination  Respondent bears burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that they no longer present a risk	Can be renewed at any time within the 90 days before the order expires  Same standard and duration as final order
Rhode Island <sup>19</sup>	LE only	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final: Up to one year	Ex Parte: Probable cause that respondent poses significant danger of causing imminent injury  Final: Clear & convincing evidence that respondent poses significant danger	Immediate surrender to LE	Issued concurrently if probable cause to believe respondent owns firearms	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination  Respondent bears burden of proving by clear and convincing evidence that they no longer pose a significant risk of danger	Can be renewed at any time within the 14 days before the order expires  Same standard and duration as final order

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Or. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 166.525, et seq. <sup>19</sup> R.I. Gen. Laws § 8-8.3-1, et seq.





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Vermont <sup>20</sup>	State's Attorneys, the Office of the Attorney General, or family or household members, including dating partners	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days Final: Up to 6 Months	Ex Parte: Preponderance of the evidence that respondent poses an imminent and extreme risk  Final: Clear and convincing evidence that respondent poses an extreme risk	Upon service, must immediately relinquish to LE, FLL dealer, or other court approved person	No	Respondent may petition once during order's duration for early termination  If state can no longer prove by clear and convincing evidence that respondent poses risk, order is terminated	Final order can be renewed for up to an additional 6 months not more than 30 days and not less than 14 days before termination of initial order Same standard and duration as final order
Virginia <sup>21</sup>	Commonwealth attorneys, LE, certain judges and magistrates	Ex Parte: 14 days Final: Maximum of 180 days	Ex Parte: Probable cause to believe respondent poses a substantial risk of causing injury  Final: Clear and convincing evidence that the subject poses a substantial risk of causing injury	Voluntary surrender upon service or transfer to another individual 21 years of age or older who is not otherwise prohibited from possessing firearms	Issued if probable cause to believe not all weapons were surrendered after service of the order	Respondent may file a motion to dissolve once during order's duration; such motion may not be filed earlier than 30 days from order's issuance	At any time prior to expiration of the order, a Commonwealth attorney or LE may file a written motion requesting a hearing to extend the order  Same standard and duration as final order
Washington <sup>22</sup>	Family, household members,	Ex Parte: Up to 14 days	Ex Parte: Reasonable cause to believe	Immediate surrender to LE	Issued if probable cause to believe not all	Respondent may petition once during order's	Final order can be renewed at any time within

Vt. Stat. Ann. tit. 13, § 4051, et seq.
 Va. Code Ann. §§ 19.2-152.13 - 19.152.17
 Wash. Rev. Code Ann. Ch. 7.105





intimate partners, and LE  Final: Up to one year	poses significant danger of injury surre	der is not ed by LE, ender to LE in 48 hours weapons were surrendered after service of the order	duration for early termination Respondent bears burden of proving by preponderance of the evidence that they no longer pose a significant risk of danger	90 days before expiration of initial order  Same standard and duration as final order
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